

IMPROVING AIR QUALITY TOGETHER
LIFE IP PrepAIR:
project's achievements
and main results

31<sup>st</sup> May 2022 Emilia-Romagna Region Delegation to the EU

> NEXT GEN EU









#### **Goals of PREPAIR D3 Action**

□energy balance of fuels for domestic heating in Po Valley



First subaction: sample survey on use of biomass for domestic heating in the Po Valley
$\hfill \square$ updating the estimates of woody biomasses consumed
☐ estimation of the number and typology of domestic systems installed
information on the dissemination of good practices related to the use of these devices
Second subaction: develop a database of the energy consumption in the residential heating real estate and provide the input for the assessment of emissions (Action D2)
energy consumption in the residential area has been estimated through the definition of the existing building stock







#### L'indagine campionaria

the aim was to updating to 2018 the estimates of biomass consumption exclusively in the domestic environment (heating, sanitary water, cooking food), relating to autonomous systems and single appliances.

# ACTION D3. CONSUMO RESIDENZIALE DI BIOMASSE LEGNOSE NEL BACINO PADANO

REPORT SULL'INDAGINE PER STIMARE I CONSUMI DI BIOMASSE LEGNOSE NEL RESIDENZIALE

01/02/2020



#### Report disponibile al link:



#### Il campione



The survey was carried out on a sample of about 20,000 families living in Po Valley (10,000 CATI - phone interviews and 10'000 CAWI - web interviews). To consolidate the estimates obtained in the first phase of the survey, the sample was extended, exclusively using the CATI technique, with an additional 3,000 interviews.

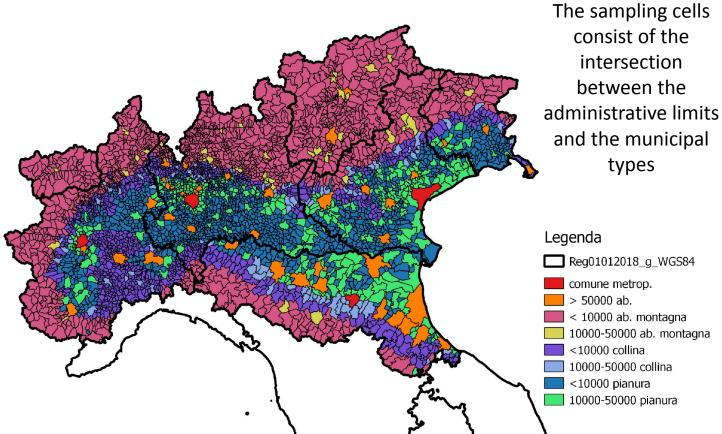
The sample was selected from households residing in the regions: Valle d'Aosta, Piemonte, Lombardia, Veneto, Emilia Romagna, Friuli Venezia Giulia e nelle province autonome di Trento e Bolzano

Starting from previous national and regional surveys, a different frequency of biomass users was expected on the basis of altitude and population density: for this reason the sample, extracted in each territorial area in proportion to the resident population, was stratified on the based on the altitude and population size of the municipality of residence.



#### **Sampling layers**

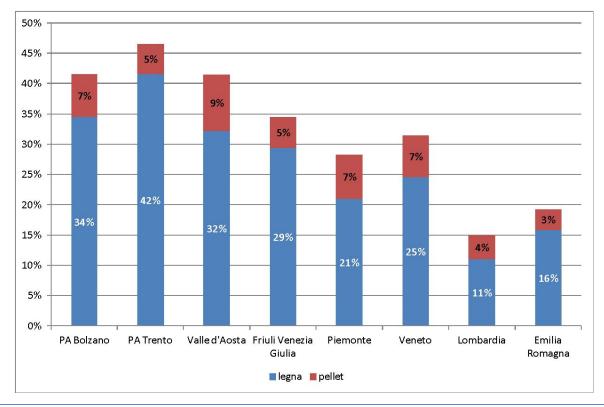






#### Biomass users in Po Valley



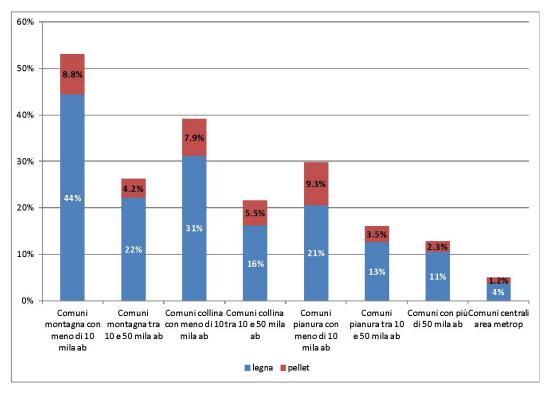


One every 5 of families living in Po Valley habitually uses wood and / or pellets for domestic heating and cooking



#### **Biomass users in Po Valley**



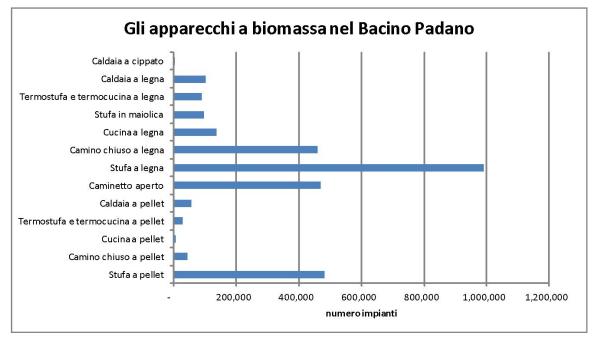


The survey shows a greater frequency of use in mountainous and low-density municipalities



#### The devices powered by woody biomasses





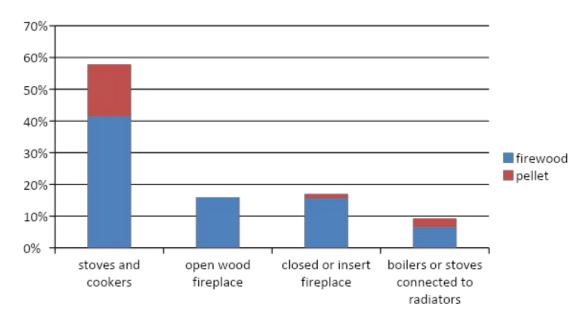
In the Po Valley about 480'000 pellet stoves, 470'000 open fireplaces and 460'000 closed wood-burning fireplaces, as well as 990'000 traditional wood-burning stoves were estimated. As concerns stand-alone biomass boilers, the survey found about 150'000, where about one-third of them were fired by pellets

A small part of these systems are installed in second homes (from 2 to 10% depending on the type)



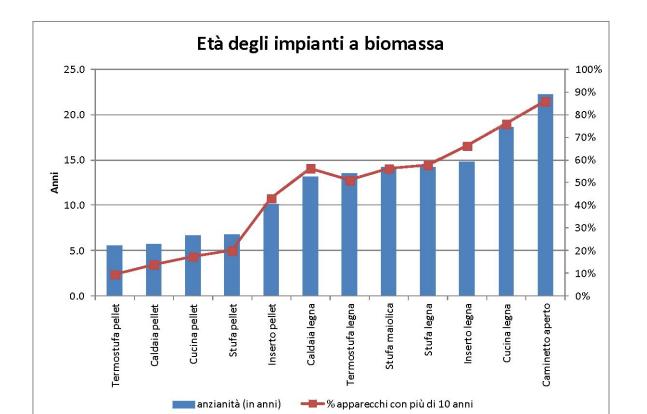
### Gli impianti





Traditional wood stoves and cookers represent the most common types of systems; wood is more prevalent than pellets





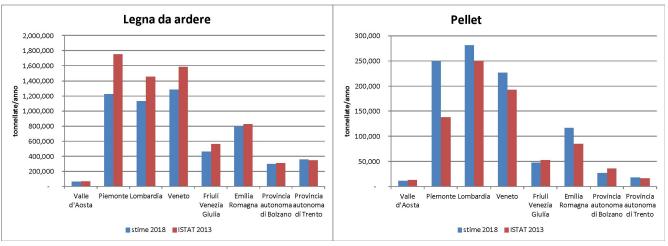


Pellet appliances are on average much more recent than wood-burning systems, most of which have an installation age of over 10 years



#### Biomass wood consumption in Po Valley





The survey estimates a total consumption for the year 2018 of approximately **980,000 tons of pellets and 5.6 million tons of firewood**. These values are comparable with the results of a previous national survey on household energy consumption (by Italian National Institute of Statistics) referring to 2013 in which approximately 800,000 tons of pellets and nearly 7 million tons of firewood were estimated for Nord Italy.



500,000

comuni maggiori





The highest consumption of firewood is associated with mountain areas, while pellets are mostly used in the plains

pellet legna

pianura

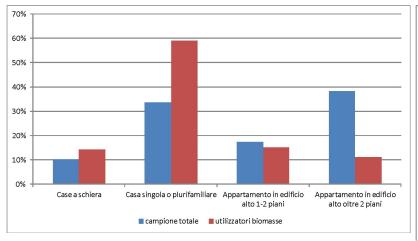
collina

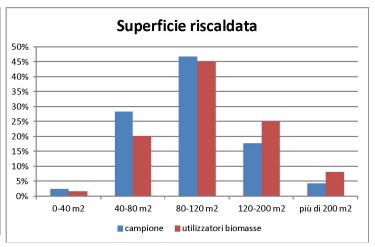
montagna



#### Tipologia delle abitazioni





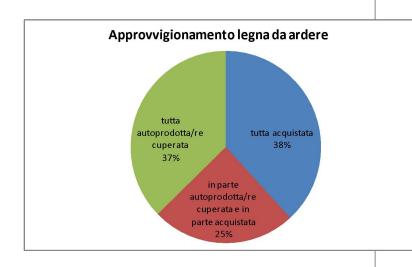


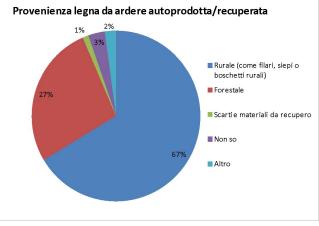
Rispetto al totale degli intervistati, gli utilizzatori di biomassa risiedono tipicamente in case singole o a plurifamiliari. In quasi la totalità dei casi le abitazioni sono dotate di uno o più impianti a biomassa singoli che riscaldano uno o più ambienti, a cui si associa tipicamente un impianto autonomo o un impianto centralizzato, generalmente a metano.

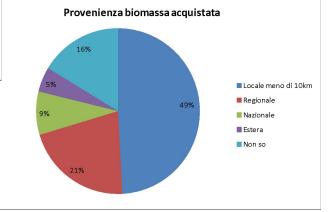




## Other information: biomass supply









#### Estimation of energy consumption of the real estate



STEP 1: analysis of builindg stocks for age and typology

STEP 2: estimate of the effect of energy renewal interventions

STEP 3: Estimation of housing consumption

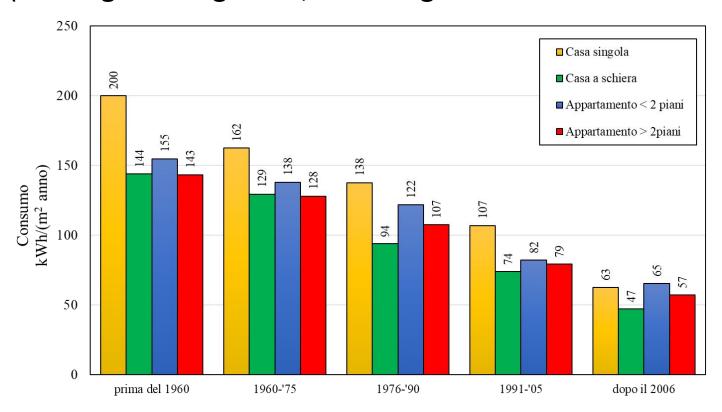
- STEP 4: reporting the results to the climatic conditions of 2018 of consumption through degree-days
- STEP 5: Sum of consumption values for homes in the Po valley (heating, cooking, domestic hot water)



#### **Domestic heating consumption**



(existing building stock, including renewal interventions)

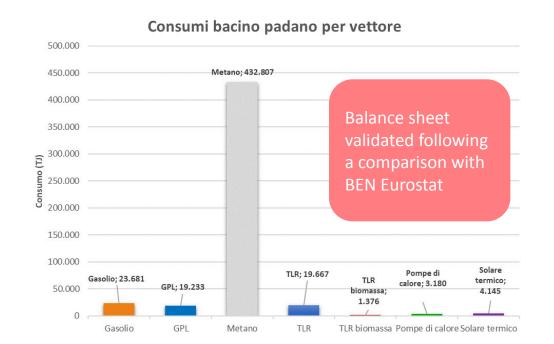




#### **Energy balance**



 Report based on the data provided by the various bodies regarding the consumption of raw materials for heating, cooking food and DHW for the regions of the Po valley





Total consumption, excluding biomass, equal to 502 714 □ TJ

gasoil	MISE
LPG	MISE
metane	ARERA
district heating	AIRU
heat pumps	GSE
solar thermal	GSE



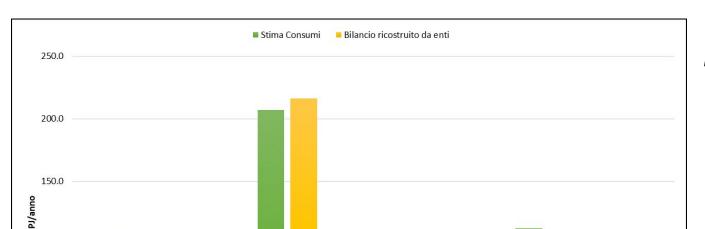
100.0

50.0

0.0

Piemonte

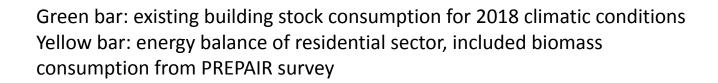
Valle d'Aosta





Emilia-Romagna

Veneto

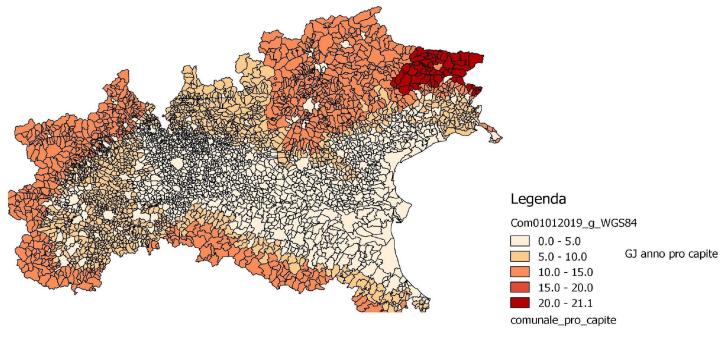


Trentino-Alto Adige Friuli-Venezia Giulia

Lombardia









#### **Conclusions**



- •Biomass powered devices are used by about 20% of families living in Po Valley, with percentages ranging from just over 10% in the most populous municipalities up to over 50% of families in low-density mountain municipalities.
- •The sample survey made it possible to estimate the presence in the North Italy of about 100,000 wood and 50,000 pellet boilers, 990,000 wood stoves and 480,000 pellet stoves, 470,000 open fireplaces and 460,000 wood inserts; wood-burning kitchens and majolica stoves are also frequently used in the mountain area of North East.
- About 3/4 of the wood-burning stoves, and in general more than half of the wood-burning systems, have an installation age of over 10 years.
- Annual consumption in Po Valley is estimated to be approximately 980,000 tons of pellets and 5.6 million tons of firewood, values comparable to the estimates of the national survey on energy consumption of households carried out by ISTAT in 2013.

the survey made it possible to investigate some aspects of plant management useful for directing education and awareness-raising activities to environmental aspects related to the use of biomass for heating and cooking.

Finally a databse on energy consumption for domestic heating at the mucipality level was provided, useful as input for the emission estimations.





## Thank you for your attention

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